



GREENSPRING
F U N D S

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund

Institutional Shares
(Trading Symbol: GRIOX)

Retail Shares
(not currently offered)

Prospectus

December 15, 2021

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www.greenspringfunds.com

The Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) has not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund
a series of Manager Directed Portfolios (the “Trust”)

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Summary Section

Investment Objective

The Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund (the “Fund”) seeks to provide a high level of current income and the potential for capital appreciation through a total return approach to investing.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	Institutional Shares	Retail Shares¹
Management Fees	0.60%	0.60%
Distribution (12b-1) and/or Service Fees	None	0.25%
Shareholder Servicing Fee ⁽²⁾	0.10%	0.10%
Other Expenses ⁽³⁾	0.83%	0.83%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.53%	1.78%
Less: Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁴⁾	(0.68)%	(0.68)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers/ Expense Reimbursements	0.85%	1.10%

⁽¹⁾ Retail Shares are not currently offered.

⁽²⁾ The Fund has implemented a Shareholder Servicing Plan on behalf of its Institutional and Retail Shares that allows the Fund to make payments of up to 0.10% for Institutional and Retail Shares to financial intermediaries and other service providers for Institutional and Retail shareholders in return for shareholder servicing and maintenance of Institutional and Retail shareholder accounts.

⁽³⁾ Estimated for the Fund’s current fiscal year.

⁽⁴⁾ Corbyn Investment Management, Inc. (“Corbyn” or the “Adviser”), the Fund’s investment adviser, has contractually agreed to waive a portion of its fees and reimburse certain expenses for the Fund to limit the total annual fund operating expenses (excluding taxes, Rule 12b-1 fees, shareholder servicing fees, extraordinary expenses, brokerage commissions, interest and acquired fund fees and expenses (collectively, “Excludable Expenses”)) to 0.75%. To the extent the Fund or a share class of the Fund incurs Excludable Expenses, Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers/Expense Reimbursements will be greater than 0.75%. The waivers and reimbursements will remain in effect through December 15, 2024 unless terminated sooner by mutual agreement of the Fund’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”) and Corbyn. The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses from the Fund for up to 36 months from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, if such reimbursement will not cause the Fund’s total expense ratio to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time of the waiver and/or expense payment; or (2) the expense limitation in place at the time of the recoupment.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement included in the table above is reflected only through December 15, 2024. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<u>Share Class</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>
Institutional Shares	\$87	\$271
Retail Shares	\$112	\$350

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. Because the Fund is newly organized, portfolio turnover information is not yet available.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in income producing debt instruments, which will consist principally of high-yield fixed income securities (sometimes referred to as "junk" bonds). High-yield securities typically pay high current interest and, under certain circumstances, offer the potential for capital appreciation but carry additional risks as compared to investment-grade fixed income securities.

The Fund may also invest in convertible securities, investment grade corporate debt securities, bank loans to corporate borrowers, variable or floating rate instruments, U.S. Government and Agency securities, and debt of non-U.S. companies. Non-U.S. companies are companies domiciled or headquartered outside of the United States or whose primary business activities or principal trading markets are located outside of the United States. The Fund may invest in equity securities of U.S. and non-U.S. companies, primarily preferred stocks, but may also invest in common stocks.

While the Fund may invest in securities of any maturity, the Fund will normally target an average portfolio effective duration, as estimated by the Adviser, of three years or less. Duration is a measure of the underlying portfolio's price sensitivity to changes in prevailing interest rates. The longer a security's duration, the more sensitive its price will be to changes in interest rates. For example, the approximate percentage decrease in the price of a security with a three-year duration would be 3% in response to a 1% increase in interest rates.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser performs detailed fundamental credit analysis, including factors such as capital structure, cash flow, and earnings potential. The Adviser also considers qualitative factors such as such as a company's competitive position, business prospects, management, and industry dynamics.

The Adviser may reduce or exit positions when it believes doing so is appropriate and consistent with the Fund's objectives, or when market conditions, particular industries, or company-specific issues warrant such action.

If the Adviser cannot find securities that meet its investment criteria for the Fund, or for cash management purposes, it may invest in high-quality, short-term money market instruments, including money market funds.

Principal Risks

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund over long or even short periods of time. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- *General Market Risk; Recent Market Events.* The value of the Fund's shares will fluctuate based on the performance of the Fund's investments and other factors affecting the securities markets generally. Certain investments selected for the Fund's portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time. The value of the Fund's investments may go up or down, sometimes dramatically and unpredictably, based on current market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse political or economic conditions, inflation, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the fixed income markets or adverse investor sentiment.

U.S. and international markets have experienced volatility in recent months and years due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors, including the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic, which has resulted in a public health crisis, business interruptions, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, travel restrictions, changed travel and social behaviors, rising inflation and reduced consumer spending. While U.S. and global economies are recovering from the effects of COVID-19, the recovery is proceeding at slower than expected rates and may last for a prolonged period of time.

- *Management Risk.* Investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.
- *Fixed Income Securities Risk.* The value of investments in fixed income securities fluctuates with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by the Fund. On the other hand, if rates fall, the value of the fixed income securities generally increases. The Fund may be subject to a greater risk of rising interest rates due to the current period of historically low rates and the effect of potential government fiscal policy initiatives and resulting market reaction to those initiatives. Below are several specific risks associated with investments in fixed income securities.
 - *Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not make timely payments of principal and interest. A credit rating assigned to a particular debt security is essentially an opinion of a nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO") as to the credit quality of an issuer and may prove to be inaccurate.
 - *Interest Rate Risk.* Interest rates may go up resulting in a decrease in the value of the securities held by the Fund. Interest rates have been historically low, so the Fund faces a heightened risk that interest rates may rise. Debt securities subject to prepayment can offer less potential for gains during a declining interest rate environment.

- *Call or Prepayment Risk.* During periods of declining interest rates, a bond issuer may “call” or repay its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. In times of declining interest rates, the Fund’s higher yielding securities may be prepaid, and the Fund may have to replace them with securities having a lower yield.
- *Liquidity Risk.* Certain securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time and the price that the Fund would like. Trading opportunities are more limited for fixed income securities that have not received any credit ratings, have received ratings below investment grade or are not widely held. The values of these securities may fluctuate more sharply than those of other securities, and the Fund may experience some difficulty in closing out positions in these securities at prevailing market prices.
- *Event Risk.* Corporate issuers may undergo restructurings, such as mergers, leveraged buyouts, takeovers, or similar events financed by increased debt. As a result of the added debt, the credit quality and market value of a company’s bonds and/or other debt securities may decline significantly.
- *Extension Risk.* When interest rates rise, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more slowly than anticipated, causing the value of these securities to fall.
- *High-Yield Fixed Income Securities Risk.* The fixed income securities held by the Fund that are rated below investment grade are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on public perception of the issuer. Such securities are generally considered speculative because they present a greater risk of loss, including default, than higher quality debt securities.
- *Convertible Securities Risk.* The Fund may invest in convertible securities which are preferred stocks or bonds that pay a fixed dividend or interest payment and are convertible into common stock or other equity interests at a specified price or conversion ratio during a specified period. While the value of convertible securities depends in part on interest rate changes and the credit quality of the issuers, the value of these securities will also change based on changes in the value of the underlying stock. Income paid by a convertible security may provide a limited cushion against a decline in the price of the security; however, convertible securities generally have less potential for gain than common stocks. Also, convertible bonds generally have lower coupons than non-convertible bonds.
- *Equity Securities Risk.* Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. Equity securities, including preferred stocks, and hybrid securities that have equity characteristics may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific issuers, industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests. Preferred stocks and hybrid securities generally are subject to more risks than debt securities because stockholders’ claims are subordinated to those of holders of debt securities upon the bankruptcy of the issuer.
- *Bank Obligations Risk.* Bank loans (“loans”) are usually rated below investment grade. The market for loans may be subject to irregular trading activity, wide bid/ask spreads, and extended trade settlement periods. Investments in loans are typically in the form of an assignment or participation. Investors in a loan participation assume the credit risk associated with the borrower and may assume the credit risk associated with an interposed financial intermediary. Accordingly, if a lead lender becomes insolvent or a loan is foreclosed, the Fund could experience delays in receiving payments or suffer a loss. In an assignment, the Fund effectively becomes a lender

under the loan agreement with the same rights and obligations as the assigning bank or other financial intermediary. Accordingly, if the loan is foreclosed, the Fund could become part owner of any collateral, and would bear the costs and liabilities associated with owning and disposing of the collateral. In addition, the floating rate feature of loans means that loans will not generally experience capital appreciation in a declining interest rate environment. Declines in interest rates may also increase prepayments of debt obligations and require the Fund to invest assets at lower yields. Loans are also subject to prepayment risk.

The secondary market for loans is a private, unregulated inter-dealer or inter-bank resale market. Purchases and sales of loans are generally subject to contractual restrictions that must be satisfied before a loan can be bought or sold. These restrictions may impede the Fund's ability to buy or sell loans and may negatively impact the transaction price. It may take longer than seven days for transactions in loans to settle and it may take the Fund significant time to receive proceeds after a sale. The Fund may hold cash, sell investments or temporarily borrow from banks to meet short-term liquidity needs due to the extended loan settlement process, such as to satisfy redemption requests from Fund shareholders.

- *U.S. Government and U.S. Agency Obligations Risk.* Securities issued by U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities have different levels of U.S. Government credit support. Some are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, while others are supported by only the discretionary authority of the U.S. Government or only by the credit of the agency or instrumentality. No assurance can be given that the U.S. Government will provide financial support to U.S. Government-sponsored instrumentalities because they are not obligated to do so by law. Guarantees of timely prepayment of principal and interest do not assure that the market prices and yields of the securities are guaranteed nor do they guarantee the NAV or performance of the Fund, which will vary with changes in interest rates, the Adviser's performance and other market conditions.
- *Foreign Securities and Currency Risk.* Foreign securities held by the Fund are subject to risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Income earned on foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.
- *LIBOR Transition Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities that use LIBOR as a benchmark or reference rate for interest rate calculations. Plans are underway to phase out the use of LIBOR between December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2023. There remains uncertainty regarding the nature of any replacement rate and the impact of the transition from LIBOR on the Fund's transactions and the financial markets generally. As such, the potential effect of a transition away from LIBOR on the Fund cannot yet be determined. The expected discontinuation of LIBOR could have a significant impact on the financial markets and may present risks for certain market participants.
- *New Fund Risk.* The Fund is a recently organized registered investment company with no operating history. As a result, prospective investors have no track record or history on which to base their investment decision.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its net asset value ("NAV"), impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to

transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

- *Operational Risk.* Operational risks include human error, changes in personnel, system changes, faults in communication, and failures in systems, technology, or processes. Various operational events or circumstances are outside the Adviser's control, including instances at third parties. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address these risks.

Performance

The Fund is new and therefore does not have a performance history for a full calendar year. In the future, performance information for the Fund will be presented in this section. Updated performance information is also available on the Fund's website at www.greenspringfunds.com or by calling (833) 574-7469.

Management

Investment Adviser

Corbyn Investment Management, Inc. is the Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

Charles vK. Carlson, CFA, President, Director, Portfolio Manager, and Co-Chief Investment Officer; Michael Pulcinella, Portfolio Manager; and George Truppi, CFA, Portfolio Manager and Senior Investment Analyst, each of the Adviser, are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio and have managed the Fund since December 2021.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail to: Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701, by telephone at (833) 574-7469, by wire transfer or through a financial intermediary. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the intermediary directly. The minimum initial investment for Institutional Shares and Retail Shares of the Fund is \$2,500 and \$1,000, respectively. Additional investments may be made in any amount. Retail Shares are not currently offered for sale.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account ("IRA"). You may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from such tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund, the Adviser and their related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Investment Strategies, Risks and Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide investors with high level of current income and the potential for capital appreciation through a total return approach to investing. The Fund's investment objective may be changed without the approval of the Fund's shareholders upon Board approval and with 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders.

Additional Information about the Fund's Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in income producing debt instruments, which will consist principally of high-yield fixed income securities (sometimes referred to as "junk" bonds). High-yield securities typically pay high current interest and, under certain circumstances, offer the potential for capital appreciation but carry additional risks as compared to investment-grade fixed income securities.

The Fund may also invest in convertible securities, investment grade corporate debt securities, bank loans to corporate borrowers, variable or floating rate instruments, U.S. Government and Agency securities, and debt of non-U.S. companies. Non-U.S. companies are companies domiciled or headquartered outside of the United States or whose primary business activities or principal trading markets are located outside of the United States. The Fund may invest in equity securities of U.S. and non-U.S. companies, primarily preferred stocks, but may also invest in common stocks.

The Fund's investments in debt instruments will not be limited in duration or maturity, but the Fund seeks to maintain a weighted average effective duration of three years or less. Duration is a measure of a debt security's price sensitivity taking into account a debt security's cash flows over time. For example, a security with a duration of three years would likely drop three percent in value if interest rates rose one percentage point.

In selecting securities for the Fund, the Adviser performs detailed fundamental credit analysis, including factors such as capital structure, cash flow, and earnings potential. The Adviser also considers qualitative factors such as a company's competitive position, business prospects, management, and industry dynamics.

The Adviser may reduce or exit positions when it believes doing so is appropriate and consistent with the Fund's objectives, or when market conditions, particular industries, or company-specific issues warrant such action.

If the Adviser cannot find securities that meet its investment criteria for the Fund, or for cash management purposes, it may invest in high-quality, short-term money market instruments, including money market funds. It may also invest in ETFs with similar investment objectives as the Fund.

For temporary defensive purposes, in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions, the Adviser may invest up to 100% of the Fund's total assets in high-quality, short-term debt securities and money market instruments. These short-term debt securities and money market instruments include shares of other mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. Government securities, and repurchase agreements. Taking a temporary defensive position may result in the Fund not achieving its investment objectives. Furthermore, to the extent that the Fund invests in money market mutual funds for its cash position, there will be some duplication of expenses because the Fund would bear its pro rata portion of such money market funds' management fees and operational expenses.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund. The following principal risks are applicable to investments in the Fund:

General Market Risk; Recent Market Events. The market value of a security may move up or down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. These fluctuations may cause a security to be worth less than the price originally paid for it, or less than it was worth at an earlier time. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry, sector of the economy or the market as a whole. U.S. and international markets have experienced volatility in recent months and years due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors, including the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic, which has resulted in a public health crisis, business interruptions, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, travel restrictions, changed travel and social behaviors, rising inflation and reduced consumer spending. While several countries, including the U.S., have begun to lift public health restrictions in efforts to reopen their respective economies, the outbreak of new variants has led to the renewal of health mandates by local governments and businesses, event cancellations and additional travel restrictions, supply chain shortages, cessation of return-to-office plans and an overall economic slowdown. While U.S. and global economies are recovering from the effects of COVID-19, the recovery is proceeding at slower than expected rates and may last for a prolonged period of time. Uncertainties regarding inflation, interest rates, political events, rising government debt in the U.S. and trade tensions have also contributed to market volatility.

Global economies and financial markets are increasingly interconnected, which increases the possibility that conditions in one country or region might adversely impact issuers in a different country or region. In particular, a rise in protectionist trade policies, slowing global economic growth, risks associated with epidemic and pandemic diseases, risks associated with the United Kingdom's departure from the European Union, the risk of trade disputes, and the possibility of changes to some international trade agreements, could affect the economies of many nations, including the United States, in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time. Continuing market volatility as a result of recent market conditions or other events may have adverse effects on your account. The Adviser will monitor developments and seek to manage the Fund in a manner consistent with achieving the Fund's investment objective, but there can be no assurance that it will be successful in doing so.

Management Risk. The Fund relies on the Adviser's ability to pursue the Fund's investment objective. The ability of the Fund to meet its investment objective is directly related to the Adviser's investment strategies for the Fund. The value of your investment in the Fund may vary with the effectiveness of the Adviser's research, analysis and asset allocation among portfolio securities. If the investment strategies do not produce the expected results, your investment could be diminished or even lost.

Fixed Income Securities Risk. Interest rates may go up resulting in a decrease in value of the securities held by the Fund. Fixed income securities held by the Fund are also subject to interest rate risk, credit risk, call risk and liquidity risk, which are more fully described below:

Credit Risk. Fixed income securities are generally subject to the risk that the issuer may not make principal and interest payments when they are due. There is also the risk that the securities could lose value because of a loss of confidence in the ability of the borrower to pay back debt. Lower rated fixed income securities involve greater credit risk, including the possibility of default or bankruptcy. The Adviser and NRSROs provide ratings on fixed income securities based on their analyses of information they deem relevant. Ratings are essentially opinions or judgments of the credit quality of an issuer and may prove to be inaccurate. In addition, there may be a delay between events or circumstances adversely affecting the ability of an issuer to pay interest and/or repay principal and the Adviser's or a NRSRO's decision to downgrade a security.

Interest Rate Risk. Fixed income securities are subject to the risk that the securities could lose value because of interest rate changes. For example, bonds tend to decrease in value if interest rates rise. Fixed income securities with longer maturities sometimes offer higher yields but are subject to greater price shifts as a result of interest rate changes than debt securities with shorter maturities.

Call or Prepayment Risk. During periods of declining interest rates, a bond issuer may “call,” or repay, its high yielding bonds before their maturity dates. The Fund would then be forced to invest the unanticipated proceeds at lower interest rates, resulting in a decline in its income. Many types of fixed income securities are subject to prepayment risk. Prepayment occurs when the issuer of a fixed income security can repay principal prior to the security’s maturity. Securities subject to prepayment can offer less potential for gains during a declining interest rate environment and similar or greater potential for loss in a rising interest rate environment. In addition, the potential impact of prepayment features on the price of a fixed income security can be difficult to predict and result in greater volatility.

Liquidity Risk. Trading opportunities are more limited for fixed income securities that have not received any credit ratings, have received ratings below investment grade or are not widely held. These features make it more difficult to sell or buy a security at a favorable price or time. Consequently, the Fund may have to accept a lower price to sell a security, sell other securities to raise cash or give up an investment opportunity, any of which could have a negative effect on its performance. Infrequent trading of securities may also lead to an increase in their price volatility. Liquidity risk also refers to the possibility that the Fund may not be able to sell a security or close out an investment contract when the Adviser wants to. If this happens, the Fund will be required to hold the security or keep the position open, and it could incur losses.

Event Risk. Event risk is the risk that corporate issuers may undergo restructurings, such as mergers, leveraged buyouts, takeovers, or similar events financed by increased debt. As a result of the added debt, the credit quality and market value of a company’s bonds and/or other debt securities may decline significantly.

Extension Risk. When interest rates rise, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more slowly than anticipated, causing the value of these securities to fall. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of securities, making them more sensitive to future changes in interest rates. The value of longer-term securities generally changes more in response to changes in interest rates than the value of shorter-term securities. As a result, in a period of rising interest rates, securities may exhibit additional volatility and may lose value.

High-Yield Fixed Income Securities Risk. High-yield fixed income securities, or “junk bonds,” are fixed income securities rated below investment grade by a NRSRO or determined to be of comparable quality by the Adviser. Although junk bonds generally pay higher rates of interest than higher-rated securities, they are subject to a greater risk of loss of income and principal. Junk bonds are subject to greater credit risk than higher-grade securities and have a higher risk of default. Companies issuing high-yield junk bonds are more likely to experience financial difficulties that may lead to a weakened capacity to make principal and interest payments than issuers of higher-grade securities. Issuers of junk bonds are often highly leveraged and are more vulnerable to changes in the economy, such as a recession or rising interest rates, which may affect their ability to meet their interest or principal payment obligations.

Convertible Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in convertible securities which are preferred stocks or bonds that pay a fixed dividend or interest payment and are convertible into common stock or other equity interests at a specified price or conversion ratio during a specified period. While the value of convertible securities depends in part on interest rate changes and the credit quality of the issuers, the value of these securities will also change based on changes in the value of the underlying stock. Income paid by a convertible security may provide a limited cushion against a decline in the price of the security; however, convertible securities generally have less potential for gain than common stocks. Also, convertible bonds generally have lower coupons than non-convertible bonds.

Equity Securities Risk. Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. Equity securities, including preferred stocks, and hybrid securities that have equity characteristics may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific issuers, industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests. Preferred stocks and hybrid securities generally are subject to more risks than debt securities because stockholders' claims are subordinated to those of holders of debt securities upon the bankruptcy of the issuer.

Bank Obligations Risk. Loans are usually rated below investment grade. The market for loans may be subject to irregular trading activity, wide bid/ask spreads, and extended trade settlement periods. The Fund's investment in loans may take the form of a participation or an assignment. Loan participations typically represent direct participation in a loan to a borrower, and generally are offered by financial institutions or lending syndicates. The Fund may participate in such syndications, or can buy part of a loan, becoming a part lender. When purchasing loan participations, the Fund assumes the credit risk associated with the borrower and may assume the credit risk associated with an interposed financial intermediary. If the lead lender in a typical lending syndicate becomes insolvent, enters FDIC receivership or, if not FDIC insured, enters into bankruptcy, the Fund may incur certain costs and delays in receiving payment or may suffer a loss of principal and/or interest. When the Fund is a purchaser of an assignment, it succeeds to all the rights and obligations under the loan agreement of the assigning bank or other financial intermediary and becomes a lender under the loan agreement with the same rights and obligations as the assigning bank or other financial intermediary. For example, if a loan is foreclosed, the Fund could become part owner of any collateral, and would bear the costs and liabilities associated with owning and disposing of the collateral.

Loans generally are subject to restrictions on transfer, and the Fund may be unable to sell its loans at a time when it may otherwise be desirable to do so or may be able to sell them only at prices that are less than their fair market value. The Fund may find it difficult to establish a fair value for loans it holds. Further, the trading market for loans could be impacted by regulatory action or reforms around the manner in which floating interest rates are determined. If a published rate is unavailable, the rate of interest on a loan could effectively become fixed, which would in turn adversely affect the value of the loan. In addition, loans generally are subject to extended settlement periods in excess of seven days, which may impair the Fund's ability to sell or realize the full value of its loans in the event of a need to liquidate such loans. A loan may not be fully collateralized and can decline significantly in value. In addition, the Fund's access to collateral may be limited by bankruptcy or other insolvency laws. Further, loans held by the Fund may not be considered securities and, therefore, purchasers, such as the Fund, may not be entitled to rely on the anti-fraud protections of the federal securities laws.

If the Fund acquires a participation in a loan, the Fund may not be able to control the exercise of remedies that the lender would have under the loan and likely would not have any rights against the borrower directly. Loans made to finance highly leveraged corporate acquisitions may be especially vulnerable to adverse changes in economic or market conditions. A loan may also be in the form of a bridge loan,

which are designed to provide temporary or “bridge” financing to a borrower, pending the sale of identified assets or the arrangement of longer-term loans or the issuance and sale of debt obligations. A borrower’s use of a bridge loan involves a risk that the borrower may be unable to locate permanent financing to replace the bridge loan, which may impair the borrower’s perceived creditworthiness.

The secondary market for loans is a private, unregulated inter-dealer or inter-bank resale market. Purchases and sales of loans are generally subject to contractual restrictions that must be satisfied before a loan can be bought or sold. These restrictions may impede the Fund’s ability to buy or sell loans and may negatively impact the transaction price. It may take longer than seven days for transactions in loans to settle and it may take the Fund significant time to receive proceeds after a sale. The Fund may hold cash, sell investments or temporarily borrow from banks to meet short-term liquidity needs due to the extended loan settlement process, such as to satisfy redemption requests from Fund shareholders. U.S. federal securities laws afford certain protections against fraud and misrepresentation in connection with the offering or sale of a security, as well as against manipulation of trading markets for securities. The typical practice of a lender in relying exclusively or primarily on reports from the borrower may involve the risk of fraud, misrepresentation, or market manipulation by the borrower. It is unclear whether U.S. federal securities law protections are available to an investment in a loan. In certain circumstances, loans may not be deemed to be securities, and in the event of fraud or misrepresentation by a borrower, lenders may not have the protection of the anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws. However, contractual provisions in the loan documents may offer some protections, and lenders may also avail themselves of common-law fraud protections under applicable state law.

U.S. Government and U.S. Agency Obligations Risk. U.S. Government obligations include securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, such as the U.S. Treasury. Payment of principal and interest on U.S. Government obligations may be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or may be backed solely by the issuing or guaranteeing agency or instrumentality itself. In the latter case, the investor must look principally to the agency or instrumentality issuing or guaranteeing the obligation for ultimate repayment, which agency or instrumentality may be privately owned. There can be no assurance that the U.S. Government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) where it is not obligated to do so. As a result, there is a risk that these entities will default on a financial obligation. For instance, securities issued by Ginnie Mae are supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Securities issued by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac are supported only by the discretionary authority of the U.S. government. However, the obligations of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac have been placed into conservatorship until the entities are restored to a solvent financial condition. Securities issued by the Student Loan Marketing Association or “Sallie Mae” are supported only by the credit of that agency.

Foreign Securities and Currency Risk. Foreign securities held by the Fund are subject to risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Income earned on foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes. Securities that are denominated in foreign currencies are subject to the further risk that the value of the foreign currency will fall in relation to the U.S. dollar and/or will be affected by volatile currency markets or actions of U.S. and foreign governments or central banks.

LIBOR Transition Risk. The Fund may invest in securities that use LIBOR as a benchmark or reference rate for interest rate calculations. Plans are underway to phase out the use of LIBOR between December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2023. There remains uncertainty regarding the nature of any replacement rate and the impact of the transition from LIBOR on the Fund’s transactions and the financial markets generally. As such, the potential effect of a transition away from LIBOR on the Fund cannot yet be determined. The

expected discontinuation of LIBOR could have a significant impact on the financial markets and may present risks for certain market participants.

New Fund Risk. The Fund is a recently organized registered investment company with no operating history. As a result, prospective investors have no track record or history on which to base their investment decision.

Cybersecurity Risk. With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. In general, cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to digital systems (e.g., through “hacking” or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, or causing operational disruption. Cyber-attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks on websites (i.e., efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users). Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber incidents affecting issuers of securities in which the Fund invests, counterparties with which the Fund engages in transactions, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for shareholders) and other parties. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. While the Fund’s service providers have established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber incidents, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified. Furthermore, the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans and systems put in place by its service providers or any other third parties whose operations may affect the Fund or its shareholders. As a result, the Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted.

Operational Risk. Operational risks include human error, changes in personnel, system changes, faults in communication, and failures in systems, technology, or processes. Various operational events or circumstances are outside the Adviser’s control, including instances at third parties. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address these risks.

Portfolio Holdings Information

A description of the Fund’s policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”). Disclosure of the Fund’s holdings is required to be made quarterly within 60 days of the end of each fiscal quarter in the annual and semi-annual reports to Fund shareholders and in other regulatory filings. The annual and semi-annual reports to Fund shareholders are available free of charge by contacting the Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 or calling (833) 574-7469 or by visiting the Fund’s website at www.greenspringfunds.com.

VOLUNTARY FEE WAIVERS AND/OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS

Service providers to the Fund may, from time to time, voluntarily waive all or a portion of any fees to which they are entitled and/or reimburse certain expenses as they may determine from time to time. The Fund’s service providers may discontinue or modify these voluntary actions at any time without notice. The Fund’s performance will reflect the voluntary waiver of fees and/or the reimbursement of expenses, if any. Without these waivers and/or expense reimbursements, performance would be less favorable.

Management of the Fund

Investment Adviser

Corbyn, located at 2330 West Joppa Road, Suite 108, Lutherville, Maryland 21093, is an SEC-registered investment advisory firm providing investment management services for clients since 1973. Pursuant to an investment advisory agreement between the Trust, on behalf of the Fund and the Adviser, and subject to general oversight by the Board of Trustees, the Adviser manages and supervises the investment operations and business affairs of the Fund. The Adviser also furnishes the Fund with office space and certain administrative services and provides personnel needed to fulfill its obligations under the investment advisory agreement. The Fund compensates the Adviser for its services at the annual rate of 0.60% of its average daily net assets. As of September 30, 2021, Corbyn had assets under management of approximately \$990.1 million.

Fund Expenses. The Fund is responsible for its own operating expenses. However, pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Adviser and the Fund, the Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or reimburse expenses to ensure that the total amount of the Fund's operating expenses (excluding any front-end or contingent deferred loads, Rule 12b-1 Fees, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, leverage (*i.e.*, any expenses incurred in connection with borrowings made by the Fund), interest (including interest incurred in connection with bank and custody overdrafts), brokerage commissions and other transactional expenses, expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, dividends or interest on short positions, acquired fund fees and expenses or extraordinary expenses such as litigation (collectively, "Excludable Expenses")) does not exceed 0.75% of the Fund's average daily net assets. To the extent the Fund incurs Excludable Expenses, Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement may exceed the applicable expense limitation. The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses from the Fund for up to 36 months from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, subject to the operating expense limitation agreement, if such reimbursement will not cause the Fund's total expense ratio to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time of the waiver and/or expense payment; or (2) the expense limitation in place at the time of the recoupment. The Fund must pay its current ordinary operating expenses before the Adviser is entitled to any recoupment of management fees and/or expenses. This operating expense limitation agreement is in effect through at least December 15, 2024, and may be terminated only by, or with the consent of, the Board of Trustees.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the investment advisory agreement between Corbyn and the Trust, on behalf of the Fund, will be available in the Fund's first semi-annual report for the period ended March 31, 2022.

The Fund, as a series of the Trust, does not hold itself out as related to any other series of the Trust for purposes of investment and investor services, nor does it share the same investment adviser with any other series of the Trust.

Portfolio Managers

The business experience and educational background of the Fund's portfolio managers is provided below. The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Fund.

Mr. Carlson, Mr. Pulcinella, and Mr. Truppi are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

Charles vK. Carlson

Charles vK. Carlson, CFA, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since December 2021. Mr. Carlson is also Chairman, President, and Portfolio Manager of Greenspring Fund. Mr. Carlson joined Corbyn in 1983 and serves as Chairman, President, Portfolio Manager, and Co-Chief Investment Officer. Mr. Carlson graduated from The Johns Hopkins University with a degree in Political Economy. He has been a CFA charterholder since 1986.

Michael Pulcinella

Michael Pulcinella has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since December 2021. Mr. Pulcinella is also a Fixed Income Portfolio Manager of Corbyn. Prior to joining Corbyn in 2012, Mr. Pulcinella was a Director of Fixed Income Institutional Sales at Stifel Nicolaus from 2006 to 2012, where he was responsible for sales of high yield and investment grade bonds. From 2000 to 2006, Mr. Pulcinella was a Vice President of High Yield Trading at Miller Tabak Roberts Securities, and from 1999 to 2000, he was a Preferred Stock Trader at Legg Mason. Mr. Pulcinella graduated from Fairfield University with a degree in Finance.

George Truppi

George Truppi, CFA, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since December 2021. Mr. Truppi is also a Senior Investment Analyst of Corbyn. Prior to joining Corbyn in 2019, Mr. Truppi was a Director in the investment banking divisions of ABN AMRO from 2017 to 2019 and Credit Suisse from 2013 to 2017 and a Vice President at Deutsche Bank from 2011 to 2013, responsible for executing transactions for basic materials and industrial companies, primarily in the leveraged capital markets. From 2008 to 2011, Mr. Truppi was a credit analyst at Whippoorwill Associates, focused on investments in stressed and distressed credit. Prior to that, Mr. Truppi was an investment banking analyst at Deutsche Bank, from 2005 to 2008. Mr. Truppi graduated from Rutgers University with a degree in Finance. He has been a CFA charterholder since 2015.

Shareholder Information

Pricing of Shares

The price of the Fund's shares is based on its NAV. The NAV per share of the Fund is determined as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("Exchange") (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) ("Market Close") on each day that the Exchange is open for business (each, a "Business Day"). The NAV is calculated by adding the value of all securities and other assets in the Fund, deducting its liabilities, and dividing the balance by the number of outstanding shares in the Fund. The price at which a purchase or redemption is effected is based on the next calculation of NAV after the order is received by an authorized financial institution or U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's transfer agent (the "Transfer Agent"), and under no circumstances will any order be accepted for purchase or redemption after the NAV calculation. Any order received after the close of trading on the Exchange will be processed at the NAV as determined as of the close of trading on the next day the Exchange is open. Shares will only be priced on Business Days. In addition, foreign securities held by the Fund may trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not calculate NAV. As a result, the market value of these investments may change on days when shares of the Fund cannot be bought or sold. Any order received after the close of trading on the Exchange will be processed at the NAV as determined as of the close of trading on the next day the Exchange is open.

The Fund values its assets based on current market values when such values are available. These prices normally are supplied by an independent pricing service. Debt securities, including short-term debt instruments having a maturity of less than 60 days, are valued at the evaluated mean price supplied by an approved pricing service. Pricing services may use various valuation methodologies including matrix

pricing and other analytical pricing models as well as market transactions and dealer quotations. In the absence of prices from a pricing service, fair value will be determined using procedures adopted by the Board.

When the Fund uses fair value pricing to determine NAV, securities will not be priced on the basis of quotations from the primary market in which they are traded, but rather may be priced by another method that the Board believes accurately reflects fair value. The Fund’s policy is intended to result in a calculation of the Fund’s NAV that fairly reflects security values as of the time of pricing. However, fair values determined pursuant to the Fund’s procedures may not accurately reflect the price that the Fund could obtain for a security if it were to dispose of that security as of the time of pricing.

Description of Share Classes

The Fund offers Institutional Shares and Retail Shares in this Prospectus. Retail Shares are not currently offered for sale. The different classes represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses and distribution arrangements and may have different share prices as outlined below. You should always discuss the suitability of your investment with your broker-dealer or financial adviser.

	Institutional Shares	Retail Shares
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) fees	None	0.25%
Shareholder Servicing Fee	0.10%	0.10%

Institutional Shares. Institutional Shares pay lower annual expenses than Retail Shares. Institutional Shares are subject to a shareholder servicing fee not to exceed 0.10% of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to Institutional Shares, computed on an annual basis.

Retail Shares. Retail Shares are subject to a Rule 12b-1 distribution fee of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to Retail Shares, and a shareholder servicing fee not to exceed 0.10% of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to Retail Shares, each computed on an annual basis.

Purchase of Shares

The Fund’s shares are offered on a continuous basis and are sold without any sales charges. You may purchase shares as specified below. The minimum initial investments for Institutional Shares and Retail Shares of the Fund are \$2,500 and \$1,000, respectively. The Retail Shares are currently not offered. Additional investments may be made in any amount. The Fund reserves the right to change the criteria for eligible investors and investment minimums, and the investment minimums may be waived at the discretion of the Adviser.

Shares of the Fund have not been registered for sale outside of the United States. The Fund generally does not sell shares to investors residing outside the United States, even if they are United States citizens or lawful permanent residents, except to investors with United States military APO or FPO addresses.

By Mail: You may purchase shares by sending a check in U.S. dollars drawn on a U.S. Bank payable to the Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund, indicating the name and share class of the Fund you are purchasing and the dollar amount to be purchased, along with a completed application. If a subsequent investment is being made, write your account number on the check and send it together with the Invest by Mail form from your most recent confirmation statement received from the Transfer Agent. If you do not have the Invest by Mail form, include the Fund name, your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper along with your check. The Fund will not accept payment in cash or money orders. The Fund does not accept post-dated checks or any conditional order or payment. To prevent

check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares. Send the check and account application to:

Regular mail:

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
P. O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Overnight mail:

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor
Milwaukee, WI 53202

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agent. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the Transfer Agent's post office box, of purchase orders does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt of purchase orders is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices. Purchase orders must be received prior to Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) to be eligible for same day pricing.

By Wire: If you are making your first investment in the Fund by wire, before you wire funds the Transfer Agent must have a completed account application. You may mail or deliver overnight your account application to the Transfer Agent at the addresses provided under "By Mail," above. Upon receipt of your completed account application, the Transfer Agent will establish an account for you. The account number assigned will be required as part of the instruction that should be provided to your bank to send the wire. Your bank must include both the name of the Fund you are purchasing, the account number, and your name so that monies can be correctly applied.

Before sending funds for initial or subsequent investment by wire, please contact the Transfer Agent to advise them of your intent to wire funds. This will ensure prompt and accurate credit upon receipt of your wire.

Wired funds must be received prior to Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) to be eligible for same day pricing. The Fund and U.S. Bank, N.A. are not responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system, or from incomplete wiring instructions. Your bank should transmit funds by wire to:

Wire to:	U.S. Bank, N.A.
ABA Number:	075000022
Credit:	U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
Account:	112-952-137
Further Credit:	Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund (Shareholder Name/Account Registration) (Shareholder Account Number)

By Telephone: Investors may purchase additional shares of the Fund by calling (833) 574-7469. If you did not decline this option on your account application, and your account has been open for at least 7 business days, telephone orders in any amount will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your bank account through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a purchase. If your order is received prior to Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time), your shares will be purchased at the NAV calculated on the day your order is placed.

Purchase orders by telephone must be received by or prior to Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time). During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waits. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction.

Additional Information Regarding Purchases: Purchase orders received by the Transfer Agent in good order before Market Close will be priced at the NAV that is determined as of Market Close. Purchase orders received in good order after Market Close will be priced as of the close of regular trading on the following Business Day. Purchase requests not in good order may be rejected.

Any purchase order may be rejected if the Fund determines that accepting the order would not be in the best interest of the Fund or its shareholders. The Fund reserves the right to reject any account application. The Transfer Agent will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any check or other method of payment that is returned. The Fund reserves the right to reject any account application. It is the policy of the Fund not to accept applications under certain circumstances or in amounts considered disadvantageous to shareholders.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the offering of shares.

Redemption of Shares

You may sell (redeem) your shares on any Business Day. Redemptions are effected at the NAV next determined after the Transfer Agent or authorized financial intermediary has received your redemption request. The Fund's name, the share class name, your account number, the number of shares or dollar amount you would like redeemed and the signatures by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration should accompany any redemption requests. You may elect to have redemption proceeds paid by check, by wire (for amounts of \$1,000 or more) or by electronic funds transfer via ACH. Proceeds will be sent to the address or bank account on record. For payment through the ACH network, your bank must be an ACH member and your bank account information must be maintained on your Fund account. If you purchased your shares through a financial intermediary (as discussed under "Purchasing and Redeeming Shares Through a Financial Intermediary," below) you should contact the financial intermediary for information relating to redemptions.

The Fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds on the next Business Day after the redemption request is received in good order and prior to Market Close (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time), regardless of whether the redemption proceeds are sent via check, wire, or ACH transfer. "Good order" means your redemption request includes: (1) the name of the Fund, (2) the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed, (3) the account number, and (4) signatures by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration with a signature guarantee, if applicable. If the Fund has sold securities to generate cash to meet your redemption request, the redemption proceeds may be postponed until the first Business Day after the Fund receives the sales proceeds. Under unusual circumstances, the Fund may suspend redemptions, or postpone payment for up to seven days, as permitted by federal securities law. The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent portfolio holdings, or by selling portfolio holdings if consistent with the management of the Fund. The Fund may also temporarily borrow from banks to meet short-term liquidity needs due to the extended loan settlement process. The Fund reserves the right to redeem in-kind as described under "In-Kind Redemptions," below. Redemptions in-kind are typically used to meet redemption requests that represent a large percentage of the Fund's net assets in order to minimize the effect of large redemptions on the Fund and its remaining shareholders. Redemptions in-kind may be used regularly in circumstances as described above and may also be used in stressed market conditions. If shares to be redeemed represent a recent investment made by check or ACH transfer, the Fund reserves the right to not make the redemption proceeds available until it has reasonable grounds to believe that the check or ACH transfer has been collected (which may take up to 10 calendar days). Shareholders can avoid this delay by utilizing the wire purchase option.

By Mail: If you redeem your shares by mail, you must submit written instructions which indicate the Fund's name and class you are redeeming shares from, your account number, the number of shares or dollar amount you would like redeemed and the signatures by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration along with a signature guarantee, if applicable. Your redemption request should be sent to:

Regular mail:

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
P. O. Box 701
Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Overnight mail:

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor
Milwaukee, WI 53202

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agent. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the Transfer Agent's post office box, of redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent. Receipt of redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices. Redemption requests must be received prior to Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) to be eligible for same day pricing.

By Wire: Wires are subject to a \$15 fee paid by you, but you do not incur any charge when proceeds are sent via the ACH system.

By Telephone: If you prefer to redeem your shares by telephone, you must not decline telephone options on your account application. You may then initiate a redemption of shares up to the amount of \$50,000 by calling the Transfer Agent at (833) 574-7469. Adding telephone options to an existing account may require a signature guarantee or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source. Investors may have a check sent to the address of record, may wire proceeds to a shareholder's bank account of record, or proceeds may be sent via electronic funds transfer through the ACH network, also to the bank account of record. Wires are subject to a \$15 fee paid by the investor, but the investor does not incur any charge when proceeds are sent via the ACH system.

Redemption requests must be received by or before the close of regular trading on the Exchange on any Business Day. During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waits. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction. If you are unable to contact the Fund by telephone, you may mail your redemption request in writing to the address noted above. Once a telephone transaction has been accepted, it may not be canceled or modified after Market Close (generally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time).

Before executing an instruction received by telephone, the Transfer Agent will use reasonable procedures to confirm that the telephone instructions are genuine. The telephone call may be recorded and the caller may be asked to verify certain personal identification information. If the Fund or its agents follow these procedures, they cannot be held liable for any loss, expense or cost arising out of any telephone redemption request that is reasonably believed to be genuine. This includes fraudulent or unauthorized requests. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person.

In-Kind Redemptions: The Fund reserves the right to honor redemption requests by making payment in whole or in part by a distribution of securities from the Fund's portfolio (a "redemption-in-kind"), and

may do so in the form of pro-rata slices of the Fund's portfolio, individual securities or a representative basket of securities. Redemptions in-kind are taxable in the same manner to a redeeming shareholder as redemptions paid in cash for federal income tax purposes. Securities redeemed in-kind will be subject to market risk until they are sold. In addition, the sale of securities received in-kind may be subject to brokerage fees and may give rise to taxable gains or losses.

Retirement Accounts: Shareholders who have an IRA or other retirement plan must indicate on their written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election not to have tax withheld will generally be subject to 10% withholding. Shares held in IRAs and other retirement accounts may be redeemed by telephone at (833) 574-7469. You will be asked whether or not to withhold taxes from any distribution.

Signature Guarantees: A signature guarantee, from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member, is required in the following situations:

- If ownership is being changed on your account;
- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address or bank account not on record;
- When a redemption is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has been changed within the last 30 calendar days; or
- For all redemptions in excess of \$50,000 from any shareholder account.

The Fund may waive any of the above requirements in certain instances. In addition to the situations described above, the Fund and/or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to require a signature guarantee in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services on an account, may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program ("STAMP"). A notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantor.

Purchasing and Redeeming Shares Through a Financial Intermediary

You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund through certain financial intermediaries (and their agents) that have made arrangements with the Fund to sell their shares and receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Fund. When you place your purchase or redemption order with such a financial intermediary, your order is treated as if you had placed it directly with the Transfer Agent, and you will pay or receive the next NAV calculated by the Fund. Financial intermediaries may be authorized by Quasar Distributors, LLC, the Fund's distributor (the "Distributor") to designate other financial intermediaries to accept orders on the Fund's behalf. An order is deemed to be received when the Fund, a financial intermediary or, if applicable, a financial intermediary's authorized designee accepts the order. The financial intermediary holds your shares in an omnibus account in the financial intermediary's name, and the financial intermediary maintains your individual ownership records. Your financial intermediary may charge you a fee for handling your purchase and redemption orders. The financial intermediary is responsible for processing your order correctly and promptly, keeping you advised regarding the status of your individual account, confirming your transactions and ensuring that you receive copies of the Fund's Prospectus.

Institutional Shares of the Fund may also be available on certain brokerage platforms. An investor transacting in Institutional Shares through a broker acting as an agent for the investor may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

The Distributor, on behalf of the Fund, may enter into agreements with financial intermediaries that provide recordkeeping, transaction processing and other administrative services for customers who own Fund shares. The Adviser and/or its affiliates may pay financial intermediaries for such services. The fee charged by financial intermediaries may be based on the number of accounts or may be a percentage of the average value of accounts for which the financial intermediary provides services.

Frequent Purchases and Redemptions

The Fund is intended to be a long-term investment vehicle and is not designed to provide investors with a means of speculating on short-term market movements (market timing). “Market timing” generally refers to frequent or excessive trades into or out of a mutual fund in an effort to anticipate changes in market prices of its investment portfolio. Frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares can disrupt the management of the Fund, negatively affect the Fund’s performance, and increase expenses for all of the Fund’s shareholders. In particular, frequent trading can: (i) force the Fund’s portfolio managers to hold larger cash positions than desired instead of fully investing the Fund, which can result in lost investment opportunities; (ii) cause unplanned and inopportune portfolio turnover in order to meet redemption requests; (iii) increase broker-dealer commissions and other transaction costs as well as administrative costs for the Fund; and (iv) trigger taxable gains for other shareholders. Also, some frequent traders engage in arbitrage strategies, by which these traders seek to exploit pricing anomalies that can occur when the Fund invests in securities that are thinly traded or are traded primarily in markets outside of the U.S. Frequent traders using arbitrage strategies can dilute the Fund’s NAV for long-term shareholders.

If you intend to trade frequently or use market timing investment strategies, you should not purchase shares of the Fund.

The Board has adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares. The Fund’s policy is intended to discourage excessive trading in the Fund’s shares that may harm long-term investors and to make reasonable efforts to detect and deter excessive trading. The Fund reserves the right to reject any purchase request order at any time and for any reason, without prior written notice. The Fund may, in certain circumstances, reverse a transaction determined to be abusive.

When excessive or short-term trading is detected, the party involved may be banned from future trading in the Fund. Judgments related to the rejection of purchase and the banning of future trades are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity. The Fund will seek to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of the Fund’s shareholders.

There is no guarantee that the Fund or its agents will be able to detect market timing or abusive trading activity or the shareholders engaged in such activity, or, if it is detected, to prevent its recurrence.

In order for a financial intermediary to purchase shares of the Fund for an “omnibus” account, in nominee name or on behalf of another person, the Trust will enter into shareholder information agreements with such financial intermediary or its agent. These agreements require each financial intermediary to provide the Fund access, upon request, to information about underlying shareholder transaction activity in these accounts. If a shareholder information agreement has not been entered into by a financial intermediary, such financial intermediary will be prohibited from purchasing Fund shares for an “omnibus” account, in nominee name or on behalf of another person.

The Fund’s policies for deterring excessive trading in Fund shares are intended to be applied uniformly to all Fund shareholders to the extent practicable. Some intermediaries, however, maintain omnibus accounts in which they aggregate orders of multiple investors and forward the aggregated orders to the

Fund. Because the Fund receives these orders on an aggregated basis and because these omnibus accounts may trade with numerous fund families with differing market timing policies, the Fund is substantially limited in its ability to identify or deter excessive traders or other abusive traders. The Fund will use its best efforts to obtain the cooperation of intermediaries to identify excessive traders and to prevent or limit abusive trading activity to the extent practicable. Nonetheless, the Fund's ability to identify and deter frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares through omnibus accounts is limited. The Fund's success in accomplishing the objectives of the policies concerning excessive trading in Fund shares in this context depends significantly upon the cooperation of the intermediaries, which may have adopted their own policies regarding excessive trading which are different than those of the Fund. In some cases, the Fund may rely on the excessive trading policies of the financial intermediaries in lieu of applying the Fund's policies when the Fund believes that the policies are reasonably designed to prevent excessive trading practices that are detrimental to the Fund. If a financial intermediary fails to enforce the Fund's policies with respect to market timing and other abusive trading activity, the Fund may take other actions, including terminating its relationship with such financial intermediary.

Share Class Conversions

You may convert shares of one share class of the Fund for a different share class of the Fund if you meet the minimum initial investment, eligibility criteria and other requirements for investment in the share class you are converting into. Share class conversions are based on the relevant NAVs of the applicable share classes at the time of the conversion, and no charge is imposed. A conversion from one class to another within the Fund will generally not be a taxable transaction.

To obtain more information about share class conversions, or to place conversion orders, contact the Transfer Agent, or, if your shares are held in an account with a financial intermediary, contact the financial intermediary. Your financial intermediary may impose conditions on such transactions in addition to those disclosed in this Prospectus, or may not permit share class conversions. The Fund reserves the right to modify or eliminate the share class conversion feature.

Other Fund Policies

Small Accounts: If the value of your account falls below the investment minimum, the Fund may ask you to increase your balance. If the account value is still below the investment minimum after 60 days, the Fund may redeem your shares, close your account, and send you the proceeds. The Fund will not close your account if it falls below the investment minimum solely as a result of a reduction in your account's market value.

Customer Identification Program: In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, please note that the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your Account Application as part of the Fund's Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on the Application, you must supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Permanent addresses containing only a P.O. Box will not be accepted. If you are opening an account in the name of a legal entity (*e.g.*, a partnership, business trust, limited liability company, corporation, etc.), you will be required to supply the identity of the beneficial owner or controlling person(s) of the legal entity prior to the opening of your account. Additional information may be required in certain circumstances. Applications without such information may not be accepted. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Fund reserves the right to: (i) place limits on transactions in an investor's account until the investor's identity is verified; (ii) refuse an investment in the Fund; or (iii) involuntarily redeem an investor's shares and close an account in the event that an investor's identity is not verified.

Householding: You may occasionally receive proxy statements and other regulatory documents for the Fund. In an effort to decrease costs and to reduce the volume of mail you receive, when possible, only one copy of these documents will be sent to shareholders who are part of the same family and share the same address. If you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts please call, toll-free, (833) 574-7469 to request individual copies of these documents. Once the Fund receives notice to stop householding, we will begin sending individual copies thirty days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

Lost Shareholders: It is important that the Fund maintains a correct address for each shareholder. An incorrect address may cause a shareholder's account statements and other mailings to be returned to the Fund. Based upon statutory requirements for returned mail, the Fund will attempt to locate the shareholder or rightful owner of the account. If the Fund is unable to locate the shareholder, then it will determine whether the shareholder's account can legally be considered abandoned. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the "inactivity period" specified in your state's abandoned property laws. The Fund is legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The shareholder's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Shareholders with a state of residence in Texas have the ability to designate a representative to receive legislatively required unclaimed property due diligence notifications. Please contact the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts for further information.

Distribution and Servicing of Fund Shares

The Distributor

The Trust has entered into a Distribution Agreement with Quasar Distributors, LLC, a subsidiary of Foreside Financial Group, LLC, pursuant to which the Distributor acts as the Fund's principal underwriter, provides certain administration services and promotes and arranges for the sale of Fund shares. The offering of Fund shares is continuous, and the Distributor distributes Fund shares on a best efforts basis. The Distributor is not obligated to sell any certain number of shares of the Fund. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of FINRA. The Distributor is located at 111 East Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202.

Rule 12b-1 Plan

The Fund has adopted a distribution and shareholder servicing plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act (the "Rule 12b-1 Plan") on behalf of its Retail Shares. Under the Rule 12b-1 Plan, Retail Shares pay the Distributor or other authorized recipients a Rule 12b-1 fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of their average daily net assets. The Distributor uses this Rule 12b-1 fee primarily to finance activities that promote the sale of Retail Shares. Such activities include, but are not necessarily limited to, compensating brokers, dealers, financial intermediaries and sales personnel for distribution and shareholder services, printing and mailing prospectuses to persons other than current shareholders, printing and mailing sales literature, and advertising. Because Rule 12b-1 fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in Retail Shares and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges. The Distributor or the Fund may select financial institutions, such as banks, fiduciaries, custodians, investment advisers and broker-dealers, as agents to provide sales or administrative services for their clients or customers who beneficially own Retail Shares. Financial institutions will receive Rule 12b-1 fees from the Distributor based upon Retail Shares owned by their clients or customers. Institutional Shares of the Fund are not subject to the Rule 12b-1 Plan, and do not pay Rule 12b-1 fees.

Shareholder Servicing Plan

The Fund has adopted a Shareholder Servicing Plan (the “Shareholder Servicing Plan”) on behalf of its Institutional Shares and Retail Shares that allows the Fund to make payments to financial intermediaries and other service providers for Institutional and Retail class shareholders in return for shareholder servicing and maintenance of Institutional class shareholder accounts that are held in omnibus or networked accounts or a similar arrangement with a financial intermediary. These shareholder servicing and maintenance fees may not exceed 0.10% per year of the Fund’s average daily net assets for Institutional Shares and Retail Shares and may not be used to pay for any services in connection with the distribution and sale of Institutional Shares. Retail Shares are currently not offered.

Payments to Financial Intermediaries

The Adviser, out of its own resources and legitimate profits and without additional cost to the Fund or its shareholders, may provide cash payments to certain intermediaries, sometimes referred to as “revenue sharing” payments and are in addition to or in lieu of any amounts payable to financial intermediaries under the Fund’s Rule 12b-1 Plan or Shareholder Servicing Plan. The Adviser may make revenue sharing payments to intermediaries for shareholder services or distribution-related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the representative to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Distributions and Taxes

Distributions

Distributions from the Fund’s net investment income, if any, are declared daily as a dividend and paid monthly to you. Any net capital gain realized by the Fund will be distributed annually.

All distributions will be reinvested in additional Fund shares unless you choose one of the following options: (1) receive distributions of net capital gain in cash, while reinvesting net investment income distributions in additional Fund shares; (2) receive all distributions in cash; or (3) reinvest net capital gain distributions in additional Fund shares, while receiving distributions of net investment income in cash.

If you wish to change your distribution option, write to or call the Transfer Agent in advance of the payment date of the distribution. However, any such change will be effective only as to distributions for which the record date is five or more calendar days after the Transfer Agent has received the request.

If you elect to receive distributions in cash and the U.S. Postal Service is unable to deliver your check, or if a check remains uncashed for six months, the Fund reserves the right to reinvest the distribution check in your account at the Fund’s then current NAV per share and to reinvest all subsequent distributions.

Federal Income Tax Consequences

Changes in income tax laws, potentially with retroactive effect, could impact the Fund’s investments or the tax consequences to you of investing in the Fund.

Distributions of the Fund’s investment company taxable income (which includes, but is not limited to, interest, dividends, net short-term capital gain and net gain from foreign currency transactions), if any, are generally taxable to the Fund’s shareholders as ordinary income. Although the Fund expects that most or all of its distributions of investment company taxable income will be taxed at the federal income tax rates applicable to ordinary income, for a non-corporate shareholder, to the extent that the Fund’s distributions of investment company taxable income are attributable to and reported as “qualified dividend” income (generally, dividends received by the Fund from U.S. corporations, corporations incorporated in a possession of the U.S., and certain foreign corporations that are eligible for the benefits of a comprehensive tax treaty with the U.S.), such income may be subject to tax at the reduced federal income tax rates applicable to long-term capital gain, if certain holding period requirements have been satisfied

by the shareholder. For a corporate shareholder, a portion of the Fund's distributions of investment company taxable income may qualify for the intercorporate dividends-received deduction to the extent the Fund receives dividends directly or indirectly from U.S. corporations, reports the amount distributed as eligible for the deduction and the corporate shareholder meets certain holding period requirements with respect to its shares. To the extent that the Fund's distributions of investment company taxable income are attributable to net short-term capital gain, such distributions will be treated as ordinary income and generally cannot be offset by a shareholder's capital losses from other investments.

Except in the case of certain exempt shareholders, if a shareholder does not furnish the Fund with its correct Taxpayer Identification Number and certain certifications or the Fund receives notification from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") requiring back-up withholding, the Fund is required by federal law to withhold federal income tax from the shareholder's distributions and redemption proceeds at a rate set under Section 3406 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for United States residents.

Distributions of the Fund's net capital gain (net long-term capital gain less net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable to the Fund's shareholders as long-term capital gain regardless of the length of time that a shareholder has owned Fund shares. Distributions of net capital gain are not eligible for qualified dividend income treatment or the dividends-received deduction referenced above.

You will be taxed in the same manner whether you receive your distributions (of investment company taxable income or net capital gain) in cash or reinvest them in additional Fund shares. Distributions are generally taxable when received. However, distributions declared in October, November or December to shareholders of record and paid the following January are taxable as if received on December 31.

In addition to the federal income tax, certain individuals, trusts and estates may be subject to a Net Investment Income ("NII") tax of 3.8%. The NII tax is imposed on the lesser of: (i) the taxpayer's investment income, net of deductions properly allocable to such income; or (ii) the amount by which the taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income exceeds certain thresholds (\$250,000 for married individuals filing jointly, \$200,000 for unmarried individuals and \$125,000 for married individuals filing separately). The Fund's distributions are includable in a shareholder's investment income for purposes of this NII tax. In addition, any capital gain realized by a shareholder upon a sale or redemption of Fund shares is includable in such shareholder's investment income for purposes of this NII tax.

Shareholders that sell or redeem shares generally will have a capital gain or loss from the sale or redemption. The amount of the gain or loss and the applicable rate of federal income tax will depend generally upon the amount paid for the shares, the amount received from the sale or redemption (including in-kind redemptions) and how long the shares were held by a shareholder. Gain or loss realized upon a sale or redemption of Fund shares will generally be treated as a long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year and, if held for one year or less, as short-term capital gain or loss. Any loss arising from the sale or redemption of shares held for six months or less, however, is treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any distributions of net capital gain received or deemed to be received with respect to such shares. In determining the holding period of such shares for this purpose, any period during which your risk of loss is offset by means of options, short sales or similar transactions is not counted. If you purchase Fund shares (through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after selling or redeeming other Fund shares at a loss, all or part of that loss will not be deductible and will instead increase the basis of the new shares.

Some foreign governments levy withholding taxes against dividends and interest income. Although in some countries a portion of these taxes is recoverable, the non-recovered portion will reduce the return on the Fund's securities. If more than 50% of the value of the Fund's total assets at the close of its taxable year consists of stock and securities in foreign corporations, the Fund will be eligible to, and may, file an election with the IRS that would enable the Fund's shareholders, in effect, to receive the benefit of the

foreign tax credit with respect to any income taxes paid by the Fund to foreign countries and U.S. possessions. If the Fund makes such an election, you will be notified. Please see the SAI for additional information regarding the foreign tax credit.

The Fund is required to report to certain shareholders and the IRS the adjusted cost basis of Fund shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012 when those shareholders subsequently sell or redeem those shares. The Fund will determine adjusted cost basis using the highest cost method unless you elect in writing any alternate IRS-approved cost basis method. Please see the SAI for more information regarding cost basis reporting.

The federal income tax status of all distributions made by the Fund for the preceding year will be annually reported to shareholders. Distributions made by the Fund may also be subject to state and local taxes. Additional tax information may be found in the SAI.

This section is not intended to be a full discussion of federal income tax laws and the effect of such laws on you. There may be other federal, state, foreign or local tax considerations applicable to a particular investor. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Because the Fund has recently commenced operations, there are no financial highlights available at this time.

PRIVACY NOTICE

Notice of Privacy Policy & Practices

Protecting the privacy of Fund shareholders is important to us. The following is a description of the practices and policies through which we protect the privacy and security of your non-public personal information.

What Information We Collect

We collect and maintain information about you so that we can open and maintain your account in the Fund and provide various services to you. We collect non-public personal information about you from the following sources:

- information we receive about you on applications or other forms;
- information you give us orally; and
- information about your transactions with us or others.

The types of non-public personal information we collect and share can include:

- social security number;
- account balances;
- account transactions;
- transaction history;
- wire transfer instructions; and
- checking account information.

What Information We Disclose

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about shareholders or former shareholders of the Fund without the shareholder's authorization, except as permitted by law or in response to inquiries from governmental authorities. We may share information with affiliated parties and unaffiliated third parties with whom we have contracts for servicing the Fund. We will provide unaffiliated third parties with only the information necessary to carry out their assigned responsibility.

How We Protect Your Information

All shareholder records will be disposed of in accordance with applicable law. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your non-public personal information and require third parties to treat your non-public personal information with the same high degree of confidentiality.

In the event that you hold shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, including, but not limited to, a broker-dealer, bank or trust company, the privacy policy of your financial intermediary would govern how your non-public personal information would be shared with unaffiliated third parties.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this notice or our Privacy Policy, please contact us at (833) 574-7469.

Investment Adviser

Corbyn Investment Management, Inc.
2330 West Joppa Road, Suite 108
Lutherville, Maryland 21093

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

BBD, LLP
1835 Market Street, 3rd Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19103

Legal Counsel

Godfrey & Kahn, S.C.
833 East Michigan Street, Suite 1800
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Custodian

U.S. Bank, N.A.
Custody Operations
1555 North River Center Drive, Suite 302
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212

Transfer Agent, Fund Accountant and Fund Administrator

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC
615 East Michigan Street
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Distributor

Quasar Distributors, LLC
111 East Kilbourn Avenue, Suite 2200
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Compliance Services

Vigilant Compliance, LLC
223 Wilmington West Chester Pike, Suite 216
Chadds Ford, Pennsylvania 19317

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund

a series of Manager Directed Portfolios

FOR MORE INFORMATION

You can find more information about the Fund in the following documents:

Statement of Additional Information

The SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Fund and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports

When available, the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports provide additional information about the Fund's investments, including the most recent financial reports and portfolio holdings. The annual reports contain a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that affected the Fund's performance during the Fund's prior fiscal year.

The Fund's shareholder reports will be made available on its website at greenspringfunds.com, and you will be notified and provided with a link each time a report is posted to the website. You may request to receive paper reports from the Fund or from your financial intermediary, free of charge, at any time.

Copies of these documents and answers to questions about the Fund, may be obtained without charge, upon request, by calling the Fund (toll-free) at (833) 574-7469, by visiting the Fund's website at www.greenspringfunds.com or by writing to:

Greenspring Income Opportunities Fund

c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services

P.O. Box 701

Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701

Reports and other information about the Fund are also available:

- free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>; or
- for a fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.